

Duct Sensor CO₂ / Humidity / Temperature

For measuring CO₂, with integrated temperature and humidity sensor. Dual channel CO₂ technology. With Modbus RTU communication and integrated 0...10 V outputs. IP65 / NEMA 4X rated enclosure.


Type Overview

Type	Communication	Output signal active CO ₂	Output signal active temperature
22DTM-15	Modbus RTU	0...5 V, 0...10 V	0...5 V, 0...10 V

Technical Data

Electrical data	Power supply DC	15...24 V, ±10%, 0.3 W
	Power supply AC	24 V, ±10%, 6 VA
	Electrical connection	Removable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm ²
Functional data	Cable entry	Cable gland with strain relief 2 x Ø6 mm
	Sensor Technology	CO ₂ : NDIR (non dispersive infrared) dual channel R.H.: with stainless steel wire mesh filter
	Communicative control	Modbus RTU
	Output signal active note	Output 0...5/10 V selectable with switch
	Application	Air

Measuring data	Measuring values	CO ₂ Temperature Relative humidity Absolute humidity Enthalpies Dew point	
	Measuring range CO ₂	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...2000 ppm	
	Measuring range humidity	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...100% r.H.	
	Measuring range temperature	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...50°C [-30...120°F] Attention: max. measuring temperature is restricted by max. fluid temperature (see Safety data)	
	Measuring range absolute humidity	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...50 g/m ³	
	Measuring range enthalpy	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...85 kJ/kg	
	Measuring range dew point	Adjustable via Modbus Default setting: 0...50°C [-30...120°F]	
	Accuracy CO ₂	±(50 ppm + 3% of measuring value)	
	Accuracy humidity	±2% between 10...90% r.H. @ 21°C	
	Accuracy temperature active	±0.5°C @ 21°C [±0.9°F @ 70°F]	
	Materials	Cable gland	PA6, black
		Housing	Cover: Lexan, orange Bottom: Lexan, orange Seal: 0467 NBR70, black UV resistant
	Safety data	Probe material	PA6, black
Ambient humidity		Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing	
Fluid humidity		Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing	
Ambient temperature		0...50°C [30...120°F]	
Fluid temperature		0...50°C [30...120°F]	
Operating condition air flow		min. 0.3 m/s max. 12 m/s	
Protection class IEC/EN		III Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)	
Protection class UL		UL Class 2 Supply	
EU Conformity		CE Marking	
Certification IEC/EN		IEC/EN 60730-1	
Certification UL		cULus acc. to UL60730-1A/-2-9/-2-13, CAN/CSA E60730-1:02/-2-9	
Degree of protection IEC/EN		IP65	
Degree of protection NEMA/UL		NEMA 4X	
Quality Standard	ISO 9001		

Safety notes



This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited. The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten humans, animals or assets.

Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.

The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Remarks

General remarks concerning sensors

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage (± 0.2 V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. The dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage (± 0.2 V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0.5...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics. If a re-calibration should become necessary later directly on the sensor, this can be done by means of a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board.

Application Notice for Humidity Sensors

Refrain from touching the sensitive humidity sensor element. Touching the sensitive surface will void warranty.

For standard environmental conditions the manufacturing accuracy specified in the datasheet will be guaranteed for two years. When exposed to harsh environmental conditions such as high ambient temperature and/or high levels of humidity, or presence of aggressive gases (i.e. chlorine, ozone, ammonia) the sensor element may be affected and readings may be outside specified accuracy. Replacement of deteriorated humidity sensors due to harsh environmental conditions are not subject of the general warranty.

The sensor shows best performance when operated within recommended normal temperature range of 5...60°C and humidity range of 20...80% r.H. Long-term exposure to conditions outside normal range, especially at high humidity, may temporarily offset the humidity signal (e.g. +3% r.H. after 60h kept at >80% r.H.). After returning into the normal temperature and humidity range the sensor will slowly come back to calibration state by itself.

Information Self-Calibration Feature CO₂

All CO₂ sensors are subject to drift caused by the aging process of the components, resulting in regular re-calibration or replacement of units. However, the dual channel technology integrates automatic self-calibration technology vs. common used ABC-Logic sensors. Dual channel self-calibration technology is ideally suited for applications operating 24/7 hours such as those in hospitals or other commercial applications. Manual calibration is not required.

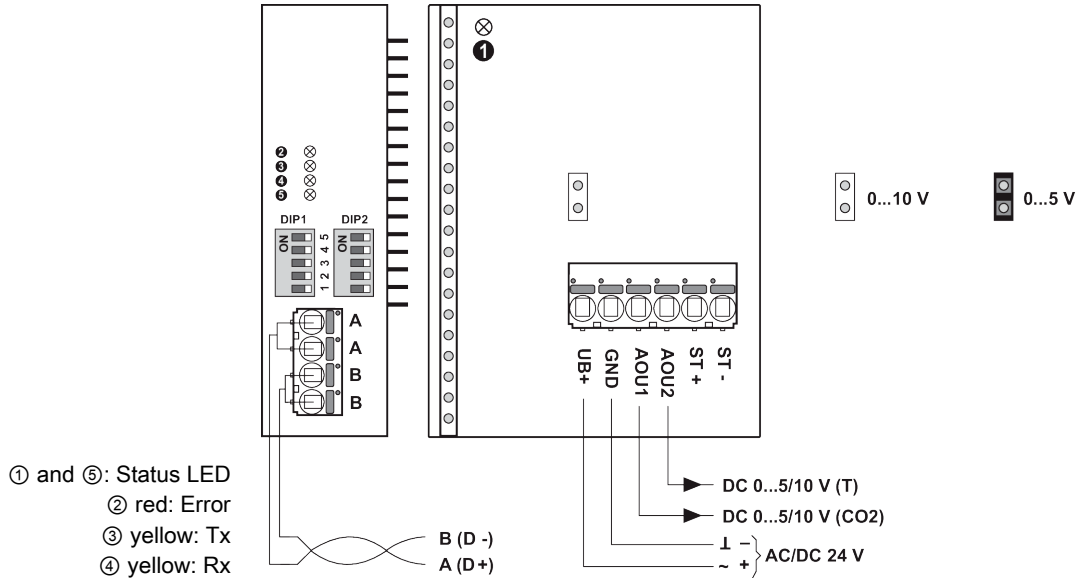
Scope of delivery

Scope of delivery	Description	Type
	Mounting flange for duct sensor 19.5 mm, up to max. 120°C [248°F], Plastic	A-22D-A35
	Cable Gland with strain relief Ø6...8 mm	

Accessories

Optional accessories	Description	Type
	Replacement filter, wire mesh, Stainless steel	A-22D-A06
	Connection adapter, M20x1.5, for cable 1x6 mm,	A-22G-A01.1
	Connection adapter, M20, for cable 2 x 6 mm,	A-22G-A02.1
	Mounting plate L housing	A-22D-A10

Wiring diagram



Detailed documentation

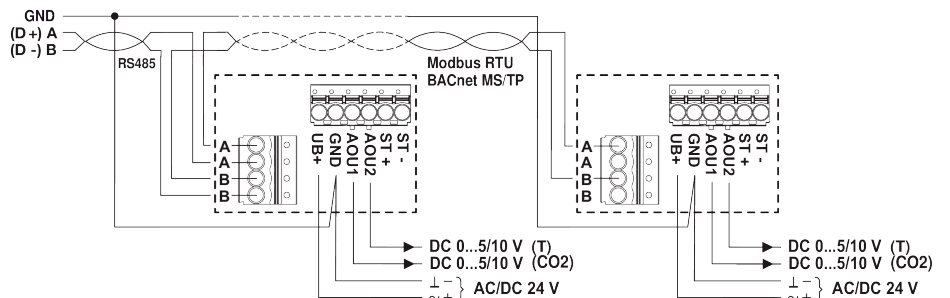
The separate document Sensor Modbus-Register informs about Modbus register, addressing, parity and bus termination (DIP1: address, DIP2: baud rate, parity, bus termination)

Notes Wiring RS485



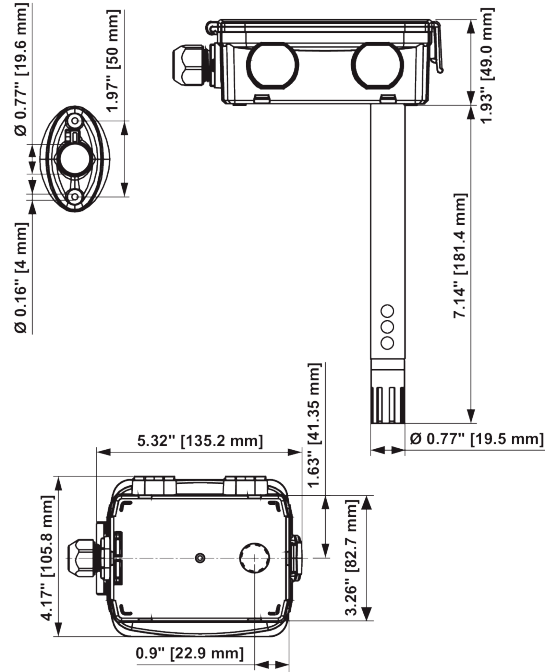
Connection via safety isolating transformer.
 Parallel connection of other devices possible. Observe the performance data.
 The wiring of the line for BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU is to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS485 regulations.
 Modbus / BACnet: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.

Wiring RS485 (Modbus RTU & BACnet MS/TP)



Dimensions

Dimensions



Type	Probe length	Weight
22DTM-15	180 mm	0.28 kg