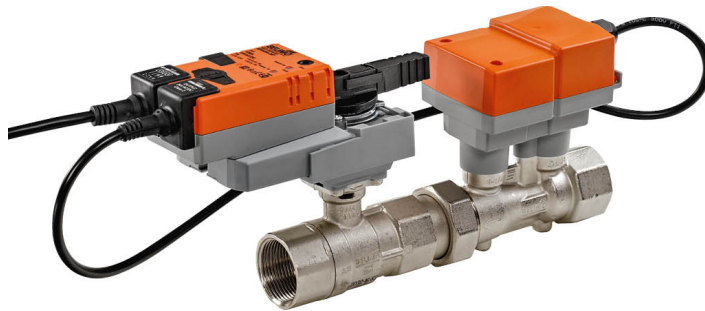


Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow control, 2-way, Internal thread, PN 25 (EPIV)

- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control modulating, communicative
- For closed cold and warm water systems
- For modulating control of air-handling and heating systems on the water side
- Communication via Belimo MP-Bus or conventional control
- Conversion of active sensor signals and switching contacts


**Type Overview**

Type	DN	Rp ["]	V'nom [l/s]	V'nom [l/min]	V'nom [m³/h]	kvs theor. [m³/h]	PN
EP015R+MP	15	1/2	0.35	21	1.26	2.9	25
EP020R+MP	20	3/4	0.65	39	2.34	4.9	25
EP025R+MP	25	1	1.15	69	4.14	8.6	25
EP032R+MP	32	1 1/4	1.8	108	6.48	14.2	25
EP040R+MP	40	1 1/2	2.5	150	9	21.3	25
EP050R+MP	50	2	4.8	288	17.28	32.0	25

kvs theor.: Theoretical kvs value for pressure drop calculation

**Technical data**

Products no longer available

<b>Electrical data</b>	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V	
	Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz	
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.2...28.8 V / DC 21.6...28.8 V	
	Power consumption in operation	3.5 W (DN 15, 20, 25) 4.5 W (DN 32, 40, 50)	
	Power consumption in rest position	1.3 W (DN 15, 20, 25) 1.4 W (DN 32, 40, 50)	
	Power consumption for wire sizing	6 VA (DN 15, 20, 25) 7 VA (DN 32, 40, 50)	
	Connection supply / control	Cable 1 m, 4 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Parallel operation	Yes (note the performance data)	
	<b>Data bus communication</b>	Communicative control	MP-Bus
		Number of nodes	MP-Bus max. 8
<b>Functional data</b>	Operating range Y	2...10 V	
	Input Impedance	100 kΩ	
	Operating range Y variable	Start point 0.5...24 V End point 8.5...32 V	
	Operating modes optional	Modulating (DC 0...32 V)	
	Position feedback U	2...10 V	
	Position feedback U note	Max. 1 mA	
	Position feedback U variable	Start point 0.5...8 V End point 2...10 V	
	Sound power level Motor	45 dB(A)	
	Adjustable flow rate V'max	30...100% of V'nom	
	Control accuracy	±5% (of 25...100% V'nom) @ 20°C / Glycol 0% vol.	
	Control accuracy note	±10% (of 25...100% V'nom) @ -10...120°C / Glycol 0...50% vol.	
	Min. controllable flow	1% of V'nom	

<b>Functional data</b>	Fluid	Cold and warm water, water with glycol up to max. 50% vol.
	Fluid temperature	-10...120°C [14...248°F]
	Fluid temperature note	At a fluid temperature of -10...2°C, a spindle heater or a valve neck extension is recommended.
	Close-off pressure $\Delta p_s$	1400 kPa
	Differential pressure $\Delta p_{max}$	350 kPa
	Differential pressure note	200 kPa for low-noise operation
	Flow characteristic	equal percentage, optimised in the opening range (switchable to linear)
	Leakage rate	air-bubble tight, leakage rate A (EN 12266-1)
	Pipe connection	Internal thread according to ISO 7-1
	Installation position	upright to horizontal (in relation to the stem)
	Servicing	maintenance-free
	Manual override	with push-button, can be locked
	<b>Flow measurement</b>	Measuring principle
Measuring accuracy flow		$\pm 2\%$ (of 25...100% V'nom) @ 20°C / glycol 0% vol.
Measuring accuracy flow note		$\pm 6\%$ (of 25...100% V'nom) @ -10...120°C / glycol 0...50% vol.
Min. flow measurement		0.5% of V'nom
<b>Safety data</b>	Protection class IEC/EN	III, Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV)
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54
	Pressure equipment directive	CE according to 2014/68/EU
	EMC	CE according to 2014/30/EU
	Mode of operation	Type 1
	Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV
	Pollution degree	3
	Ambient humidity	Max. 95% RH, non-condensing
	Ambient temperature	-30...50°C [-22...122°F]
	Storage temperature	-40...80°C [-40...176°F]
<b>Materials</b>	Valve body	Nickel-plated brass body
	Flow measuring pipe	Brass body nickel-plated
	Closing element	Stainless steel
	Spindle	Stainless steel
	Spindle seal	EPDM O-ring

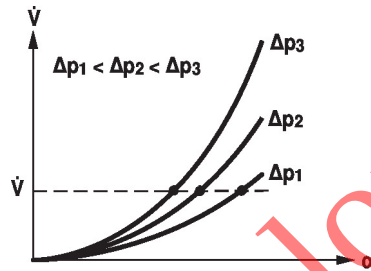
**Safety notes**


- This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or in any other airborne means of transport.
- Outdoor application: only possible in case that no (sea) water, snow, ice, insulation or aggressive gases interfere directly with the device and that it is ensured that the ambient conditions remain within the thresholds according to the data sheet at any time.
- Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Product features

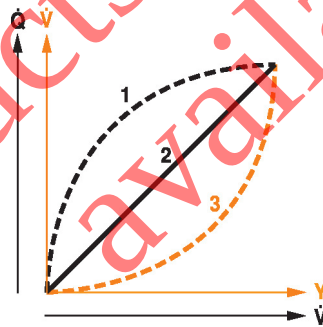
**Mode of operation** The HVAC performance device is comprised of three components: characterised control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with flow sensor and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow ( $V'max$ ) is assigned to the maximum control signal (typically 10 V / 100%). The HVAC performance device can be controlled via communicative or analogue signals. The fluid is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation  $\alpha$  varies according to the differential pressure through the control element (see flow curves).

**Flow rate curves**



**Transmission behaviour HE**

Heat exchanger transmission behaviour Depending on the construction, temperature spread, fluid characteristics and hydronic circuit, the power  $Q$  is not proportional to the water volumetric flow  $V'$  (Curve 1). With the classical type of temperature control, an attempt is made to maintain the control signal  $Y$  proportional to the power  $Q$  (Curve 2). This is achieved by means of an equal-percentage flow characteristic (Curve 3).



**Control characteristics**

The fluid velocity is measured in the measuring component (sensor electronics) and converted to a flow rate signal.

The control signal Y corresponds to the power Q via the exchanger, the volumetric flow is regulated in the EPIV. The control signal Y is converted into an equal-percentage characteristic curve and provided with the V'max value as the new reference variable w. The momentary control deviation forms the control signal Y1 for the actuator.

The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise flow rate sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are however not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control. U5 displays the measured flow as voltage (factory setting).

Parametrising V'max with ZTH EU:

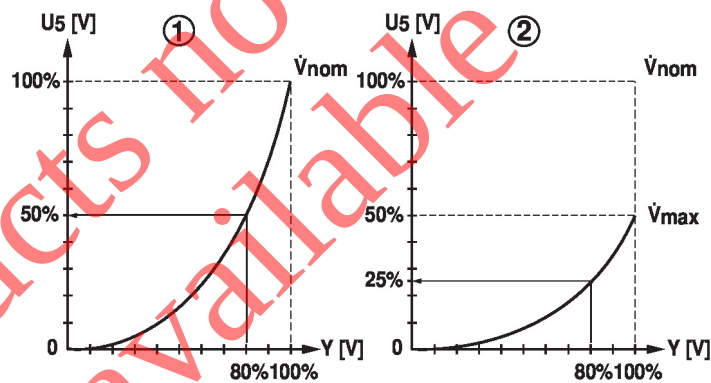
U5 refers to the respective V'nom, i.e. if V'max is e.g. 50% of V'nom, then Y = 10 V, U5 = 5 V.

Parametrising V'max with PC-Tool:

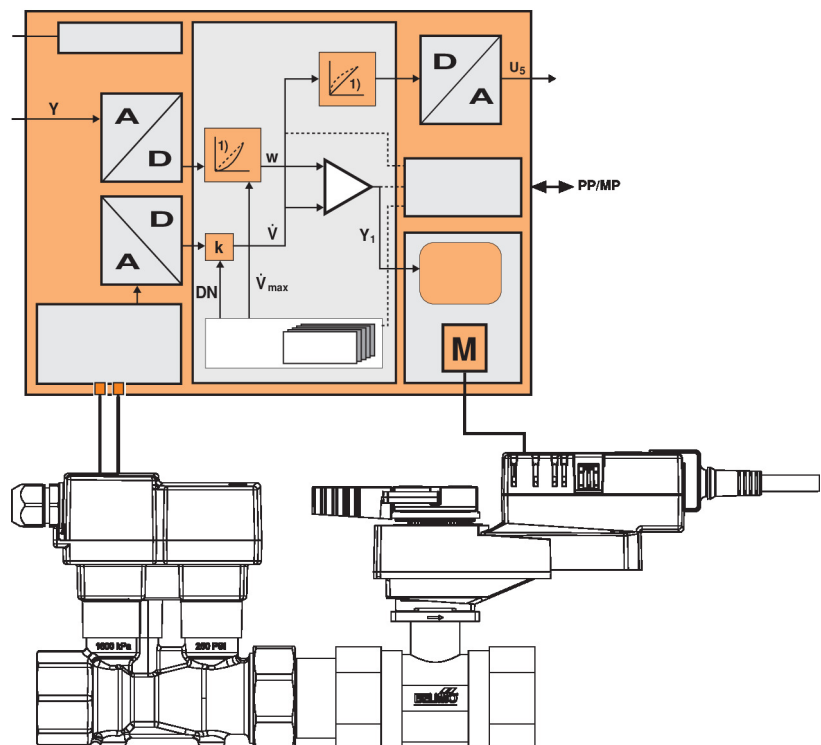
In the PC-Tool, the maximum flow rate to which U5 refers can be set individually. If V'max is changed (e.g. to 70% V'nom), the U5 flow range is also automatically changed to the same value (e.g. 70% V'nom: U5 = 10 V). This adjustment can be reversed by entering a value manually (U5 flow range = 100%: U5 refers to V'nom).

As an alternative, U5 can be used for displaying the valve opening angle.

1. Standard equal percentage  $V'max = V'nom / 2$ . effect  $V'max < V'nom$



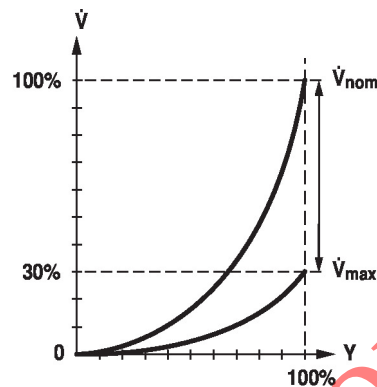
Block diagram



**Definition** Flow control

$V'$ nom is the maximum possible flow.

$V'$ max is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the highest control signal.  $V'$ max can be set between 30% and 100% of  $V'$ nom.



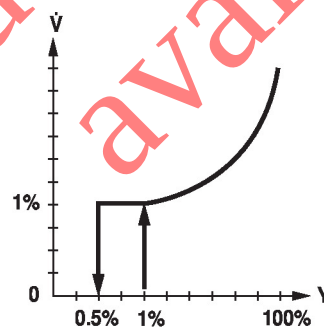
**Creep flow suppression** Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

**Opening valve**

The valve remains closed until the flow required by the control signal DDC corresponds to 1% of  $V'$ nom. The control along the flow characteristic is active after this value has been exceeded.

**Closing valve**

The control along the flow characteristic is active up to the required flow rate of 1% of  $V'$ nom. Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 1% of  $V'$ nom. If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of  $V'$ nom required by the control signal DDC, then the valve will close.



**Converter for sensors** Connection option for a sensor (active sensor or switching contact). The MP actuator serves as an analogue/digital converter for the transmission of the sensor signal via MP-Bus to the higher level system.

**Configurable actuators** The factory settings cover the most common applications. Single parameters can be modified with the Belimo Service Tools MFT-P or ZTH EU.

**Control signal inversion** This can be inverted in cases of control with an analogue control signal. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behaviour, i.e. at a control signal of 0%, regulation is to  $V'$ max, and the valve is closed at a control signal of 100%.

**Hydronic balancing** With the Belimo tools, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on-site, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system.

**Manual override** Manual override with push-button possible (the gear train is disengaged for as long as the button is pressed or remains locked).

**High functional safety** The actuator is overload protected, requires no limit switches and automatically stops when the end stop is reached.

Accessories

Gateways	Description	Type
	Gateway MP zu BACnet MS/TP	UK24BAC
	Gateway MP to Modbus RTU	UK24MOD
Electrical accessories	Description	Type
	MP-Bus power supply for MP actuators	ZN230-24MP
Mechanical accessories	Description	Type
	Valve neck extension for ball valve DN 15...50	ZR-EXT-01
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 15	ZR2315
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 20	ZR2320
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 25	ZR2325
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 32	ZR2332
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 40	ZR2340
	Pipe connector for ball valve DN 50	ZR2350
Tools	Description	Type
	Service Tool, with ZIP-USB function, for parametrisable and communicative Belimo actuators, VAV controller and HVAC performance devices	ZTH EU
	Belimo PC-Tool, Software for adjustments and diagnostics	MFT-P
	Adapter for Service-Tool ZTH	MFT-C
	Connection cable 5 m, A: RJ11 6/4 ZTH EU, B: 6-pin for connection to service socket	ZK1-GEN
	Connection cable 5 m, A: RJ11 6/4 ZTH EU, B: free wire end for connection to MP/PP terminal	ZK2-GEN

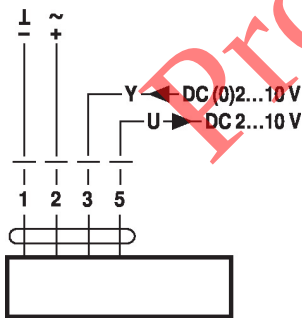
Electrical installation



Supply from isolating transformer.

Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Observe the performance data.

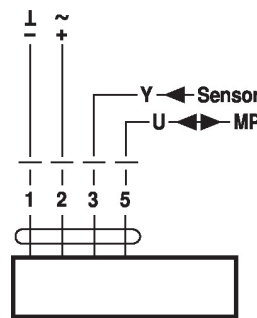
AC/DC 24 V, modulating



Cable colours:

- 1 = black
- 2 = red
- 3 = white
- 5 = orange

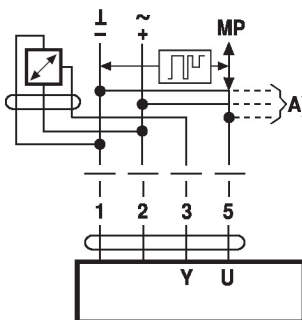
Operation on the MP-Bus



Cable colours:

- 1 = black
- 2 = red
- 3 = white
- 5 = orange

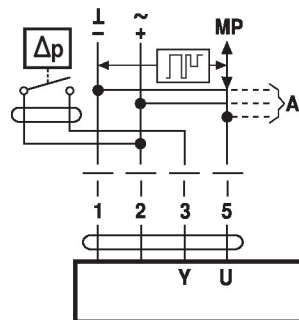
Connection of active sensors



A) additional MP-Bus nodes

- (max. 8)
- Supply AC/DC 24 V
- Output signal DC 0...10 V (max. DC 0...32 V)
- Resolution 30 mV

Connection of external switching contact



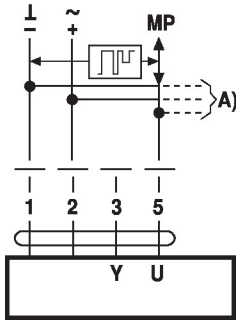
A) additional MP-Bus nodes

- (max. 8)
- Switching current 16 mA @ 24 V
- Start point of the operating range must be parametrised on the MP actuator as  $\geq 0.5$  V

**Functions**

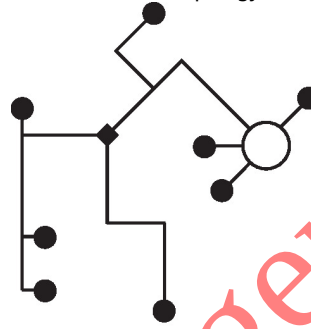
**Functions when operated on MP-Bus**

Connection on the MP-Bus



A) additional MP-Bus nodes (max. 8)

MP-Bus Network topology

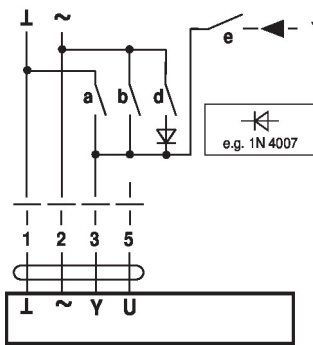


There are no restrictions for the network topology (star, ring, tree or mixed forms are permitted).  
Supply and communication in one and the same 3-wire cable

- no shielding or twisting necessary
- no terminating resistors required

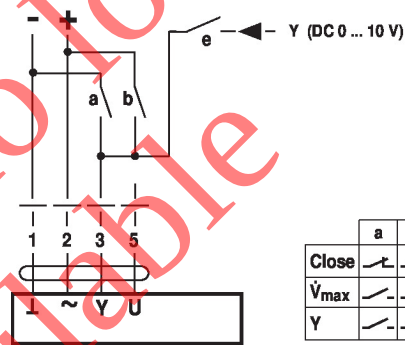
**Functions with specific parameters (Parametrisation necessary)**

Override control and limiting with AC 24 V with relay contacts



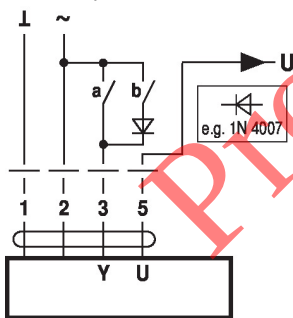
	a	b	d	e
Close	↗	↘	↗	↘
V <sub>max</sub>	↗	↘	↗	↘
Open	↗	↘	↗	↘
Y	↗	↘	↗	↘

Override control and limiting with DC 24 V with relay contacts



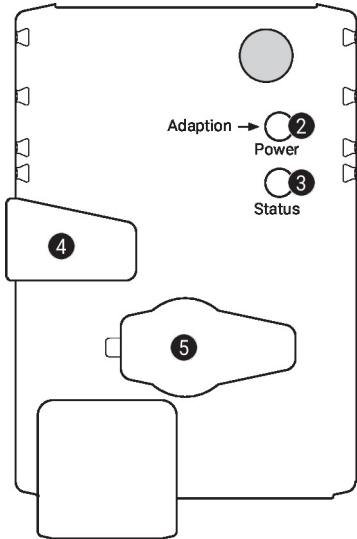
	a	b	d	e
Close	↗	↘	↗	↘
V <sub>max</sub>	↗	↘	↗	↘
Y	↗	↘	↗	↘

Control 3-point



Position control: 90° = 100s  
Flow control: V<sub>max</sub> = 100s

Operating controls and indicators



**2 Push-button and LED display green**

- Off: No power supply or malfunction
- On: In operation
- Press button: Triggers angle of rotation adaptation, followed by standard mode

**3 Push-button and LED display yellow**

- Off: Standard mode
- On: Adaptation or synchronisation process active
- Flickering: MP-Bus communication active
- Press button: Confirmation of the addressing

**4 Manual override button**

- Press button: Gear train disengages, motor stops, manual override possible
- Release button: Gear train engages, standard mode

**5 Service plug**

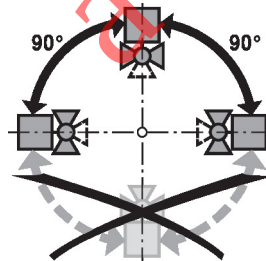
For connecting parametrisation and service tools

**Check power supply connection**

- 2** Off and **3** On Possible wiring error in power supply

Installation notes

**Recommended installation positions** The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the spindle pointing downwards.



**Installation position in return** Installation in the return is recommended.

**Water quality requirements** The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to.

Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of a suitable strainer is recommended.

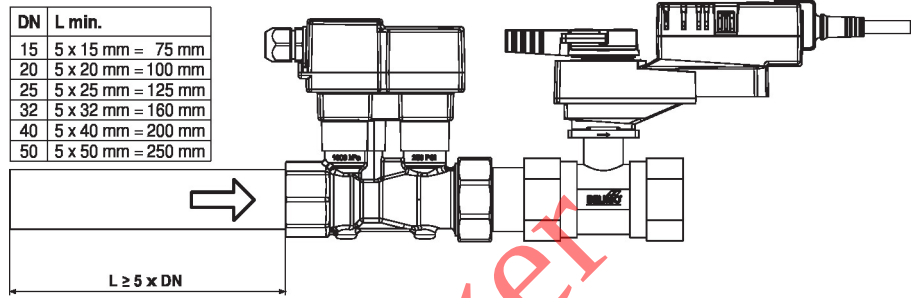
**Servicing** Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.

Before any service work on the control element is carried out, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable if necessary). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow all components to cool down first if necessary and always reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level).

The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator have been correctly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled by professionally trained personnel.

**Flow direction** The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.

**Inlet section** In order to achieve the specified measuring accuracy, a flow-calming section or inflow section in the direction of the flow is to be provided upstream from the flow sensor. Its dimensions should be at least 5x DN.



**Split installation** The valve-actuator combination may be mounted separately from the flow sensor. The direction of flow must be observed.

**General notes**

**Minimum differential pressure (pressure drop)** The minimum required differential pressure (pressure drop through the valve) for achieving the desired volumetric flow  $\dot{V}_{max}$  can be calculated with the aid of the theoretical kvs value (see type overview) and the below-mentioned formula. The calculated value is dependent on the required maximum volumetric flow  $\dot{V}_{max}$ . Higher differential pressures are compensated for automatically by the valve.

Formula

$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \times \left( \frac{\dot{V}_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}} \right)^2$$

$\Delta p_{min}: \text{kPa}$   
 $\dot{V}_{max}: \text{m}^3/\text{h}$   
 $k_{vs \text{ theor.}}: \text{m}^3/\text{h}$

Example (DN 25 with the desired maximum flow rate = 50%  $\dot{V}_{nom}$ )

EP025R+MP  
 $k_{vs \text{ theor.}} = 8.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$   
 $\dot{V}_{nom} = 69 \text{ l}/\text{min}$   
 $50\% * 69 \text{ l}/\text{min} = 34.5 \text{ l}/\text{min} = 2.07 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

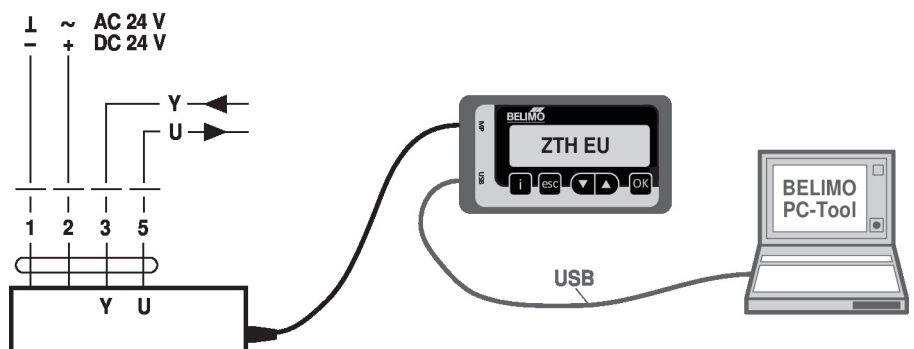
$$\Delta p_{min} = 100 \times \left( \frac{\dot{V}_{max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}} \right)^2 = 100 \times \left( \frac{2.07 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}{8.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}} \right)^2 = 6 \text{ kPa}$$

**Behaviour in case of sensor failure** In case of a flow sensor error, the EPIV will switch from flow control to position control. Once the error disappears, the EPIV will switch back to the normal control setting.

**Service**

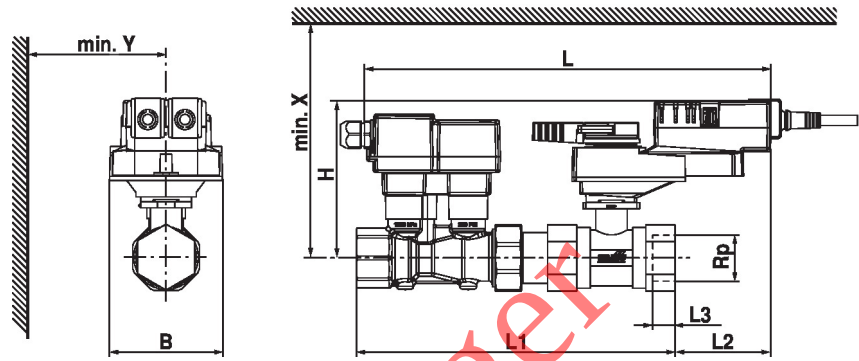
**Tools connection** The actuator can be parametrised by ZTH EU via the service socket. For an extended parametrisation the PC tool can be connected.

Connection ZTH EU / PC-Tool



## Dimensions

## Dimensional drawings



Type	DN	Rp ["]	L [mm]	L1 [mm]	L2 [mm]	L3 [mm]	B [mm]	H [mm]	X [mm]	Y [mm]	kg
EP015R+MP	15	1/2	275	192	81	13	75	125	195	77	1.5
EP020R+MP	20	3/4	291	211	75	14	75	125	195	77	1.8
EP025R+MP	25	1	295	230	71	16	75	127	197	77	2.1
EP032R+MP	32	1 1/4	323	255	68	19	85	131	201	77	2.8
EP040R+MP	40	1 1/2	325	267	65	19	85	141	211	77	3.3
EP050R+MP	50	2	343	288	69	22	95	142	212	77	4.5

## Further documentation

- Overview MP Cooperation Partners
- Tool connections
- Introduction to MP-Bus Technology
- General notes for project planning

Products no longer  
available