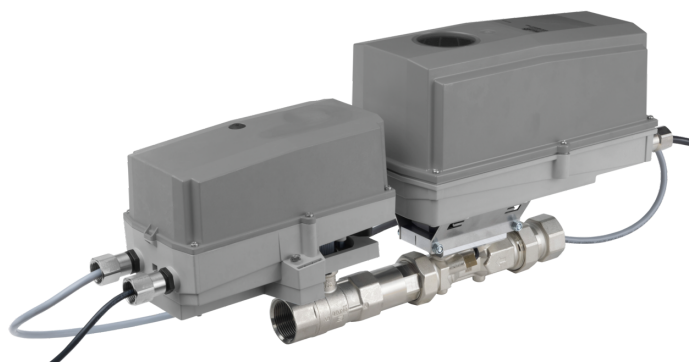


Pressure Independent Valve, 2-way, Internal thread, (EPIV)

- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control Modulating, Communicative, Hybrid



5-year warranty



Please note: Due to a supplier issue, certain NEMA 4 actuator covers will be supplied in gray instead of orange until further notice. This change ensures uninterrupted shipping and the same protective properties and product specifications.

Type Overview

Type	DN
EP125+AKRX-E N4HT	1 1/4" [32]

Technical data

Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
	Nominal voltage frequency	50/60 Hz
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.2...28.8 V / DC 21.6...28.8 V
	Power consumption in operation	35 W incl. heater
	Transformer sizing	44 VA incl. heater
	Connection supply/control	cable 3 ft. [1 m], 6 x 0.75 mm ²
	Conductors, cables	Power supply AC/DC 24 V: cable length <100 m
	Electrical Connection	18 AWG plenum cable
Data bus communication	Communicative control	BACnet MS/TP Modbus RTU MP-Bus
Functional data	Valve size [mm]	1.25" [32]
	Operating range Y	2...10 V
	Operating range Y variable	0.5...10 V
	Operating range Y note	4...20 mA w/ ZG-R01 (500 Ω, 1/4 W resistor)
	Input impedance	100 kΩ (0.1 mA), 500 Ω
	Operating modes optional	VDC variable
	Position feedback U	2...10 V
	Position feedback U note	Max. 1 mA
	Position feedback U variable	VDC variable
	Setting fail-safe position	NC/NO or adjustable 0...100% (POP rotary knob)
	Bridging time (PF) variable	0...10 s
	Running Time (Motor)	90 s
	Running time fail-safe	<35 s
	Noise level motor	45 dB(A) dB(A)
	Noise level, fail-safe	61 dB(A)
	V'max adjustable	25...100% of V'nom
	Control accuracy	±5% (of 25...100% V'nom)
	Min. controllable flow	1% of V'nom
	Configuration	via NFC, Belimo Assistant 2

Technical data

Functional data	Fluid	chilled or hot water, up to 60% glycol max (open loop/steam not allowed)
	Fluid temperature	14...250°F [-10...120°C]
	Close-off pressure Δps	200 psi
	Differential pressure note	5...50 psi or 1...50 psi, see flow reduction chart in tech doc
	Flow characteristic	equal percentage or linear
	Body Pressure Rating	360 psi
	Leakage rate	0% leakage
	GPM	28.5
	Pipe connection	Internal thread NPT (female)
	Installation orientation	upright to horizontal (in relation to the spindle)
	Servicing	maintenance-free
	Manual override	external push button
	Inlet Length to Meet Specified Measurement Accuracy	≥ to 0 x DN (according to EN1434-4:2022)
Thermostat / Humidistat	Type of contact	Normally closed contact
	Heating output	21 W
	Inrush current (Thermostat/Humidistat)	Max. 2.5 A
	Thermostat range	14...122°F [-10...50°C] (factory setting 86°F [30°C])
	Heating element	Positive temperature coefficient resistor (PTC), self-regulating, temperature-limiting
	Heater	Aluminium profile, anodized
	Sensor element	Thermobimetal
Measuring data	Measured values	Flow
	Temperature sensor	Pt1000 - EN 60751, 2-wire technology, inseparably connected integrated in flow sensor
Temperature measurement	Measuring accuracy absolute temperature	32.6°F @ 50°F [± 0.35°C @ 10°C] (Pt1000 EN60751 Class B) 33°F @ 140°F [± 0.6°C @ 60°C] (Pt1000 EN60751 Class B)
Flow measurement	Measuring principle	Ultrasonic flow measurement
	Measuring accuracy flow	±2%
	Min. flow measurement	0.5% of V'nom
	Measurement repeatability	±0.5% (Flow)
	Sensor technology	Ultrasonic with glycol and temperature compensation
Safety data	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4
	Housing	UL Enclosure Type 4
	Pressure equipment directive	CE according to 2014/68/EU
	Quality Standard	ISO 9001
	UL 2043 Compliant	Suitable for use in air plenums per Section 300.22(C) of the NEC and Section 602 of the IMC
	Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV
	Ambient humidity	Max. 100% RH
	Ambient temperature	-22...122°F [-30...50°C]
	Storage temperature	-40...176°F [-40...80°C]

Technical data

Materials	Valve body	Forged brass, nickel-plated
	Body finish	nickel-plated
	Flow measuring pipe	Forged brass, nickel-plated
	Valve plug	Stainless steel
	Stem	stainless steel
	Stem seal	EPDM (lubricated)
	Seat	PTFE
	Characterized disc	TEFZEL®
	O-ring	EPDM
	Ball	stainless steel
Terms	Abbreviations	POP = Power off position / fail-safe position PF = Power fail delay time / bridging time

Safety notes


- This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or in any other airborne means of transport.
- Outdoor application: only possible in case that no (sea) water, snow, ice, insolation or aggressive gases interfere directly with the actuator and that is ensured that the ambient conditions remain at any time within the thresholds according to the data sheet.
- Only authorized specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied with during installation.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

Product features

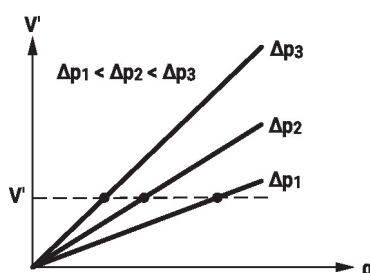
Application Water-side control certified for heating applications only. For AHUs and water coils.

Operating mode The HVAC performance device is comprised of three components: characterized control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with flow sensor and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow (V_{max}) is assigned to the maximum control signal (typically 100%). The HVAC performance device can be controlled via communicative signals. The fluid is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation α varies according to the differential pressure through the control element (see flow curves).

With the supply voltage, the integrated capacitors will be charged.

Interrupting the supply voltage causes the valve to be moved to the selected fail-safe position by means of stored electrical energy.

Flow measurement All flow tolerances are at 68°F [20°C] & water.

Flow rate curves


Product features

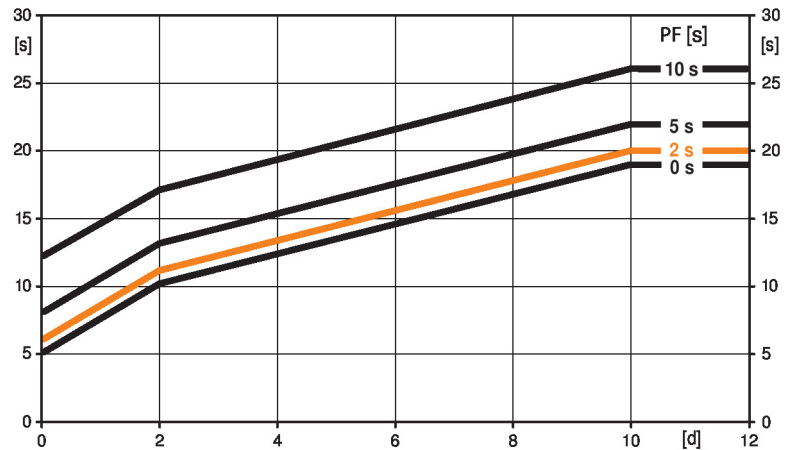
Pre-charging time (start up)

The capacitor actuators require a pre-charging time. This time is used for charging the capacitors up to a usable voltage level. This ensures that, in the event of a power failure, the actuator can move at any time from its current position into the preset fail-safe position.

The duration of the pre-charging time depends mainly on following factors:

- Duration of the power failure
- PF delay time (bridging time)

Typical pre-charging time



[d] = Power failure in days
[s] = Pre-charging time in seconds
PF[s] = Bridging time

Calculation example: Given a power failure of 3 days and a bridging time (PF) set at 5 s, the actuator requires a pre-charging time of 14 s after the power has been reconnected (see graphic).

PF [s]	[d]				
	0	1	2	7	≥10
0	5	8	10	15	19
2	6	9	11	16	20
5	8	11	13	18	22
10	12	15	17	22	26
[s]					

Delivery condition (capacitors)

The actuator is completely discharged after delivery from the factory, which is why the actuator requires approximately 20 s pre-charging time before initial commissioning in order to bring the capacitors up to the required voltage level.

Bridging time

Power failures can be bridged up to a maximum of 10 s.

In the event of a power failure, the actuator will remain stationary in accordance with the set bridging time. If the power failure is greater than the set bridging time, the actuator will move into the selected fail-safe position.

The bridging time set at the factory is 2 s. It can be modified on site in operation by means of the Belimo service tool MFT-P.

Settings: The rotary knob must not be set to the "PROG FAIL-SAFE" position!

For retroactive adjustments of the bridging time with the Belimo service tool MFT-P or with the ZTH EU adjustment and diagnostic device only the values need to be entered.

Setting fail-safe position

The rotary knob fail-safe position can be used to adjust the desired fail-safe position 0...100% in 10% increments. The rotary knob always refers to the adapted angle-of-rotation range. In the event of a power failure, the actuator will move into the selected fail-safe position.

Settings: The rotary knob must be set to the «Tool» position for retroactive settings of the fail-safe position with the Belimo service tool MFT-P. Once the rotary knob is set back to the range 0...100%, the manually set value will have positioning authority.

Product features

Control characteristics The fluid velocity is measured in the measuring component (sensor electronics) and converted to a flow rate signal.

The control signal Y corresponds to the power Q via the exchanger, the volumetric flow is regulated in the EPIV. The control signal Y is converted into a linear characteristic curve and provided with the $V'_{\max}$ value as the new reference variable w . The momentary control deviation forms the control signal Y_1 for the actuator.

The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise flow rate sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are however not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control. U5 displays the measured flow as voltage (factory setting).

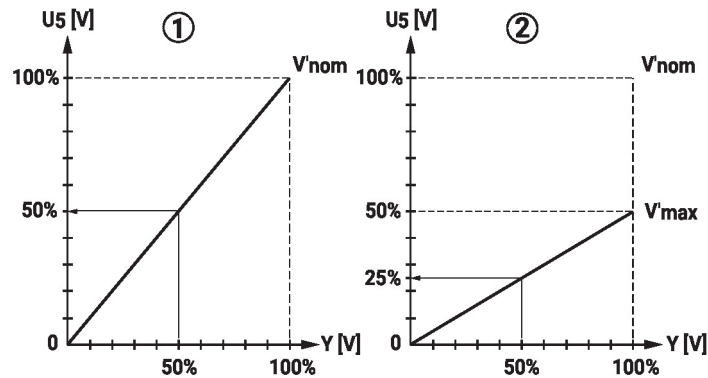
Parametrizing $V'_{\max}$ with ZTH:

U5 refers to the respective V'_{nom} , i.e. if $V'_{\max}$ is e.g. 50% of V'_{nom} , then $Y = 10\text{ V}$, $U5 = 5\text{ V}$.

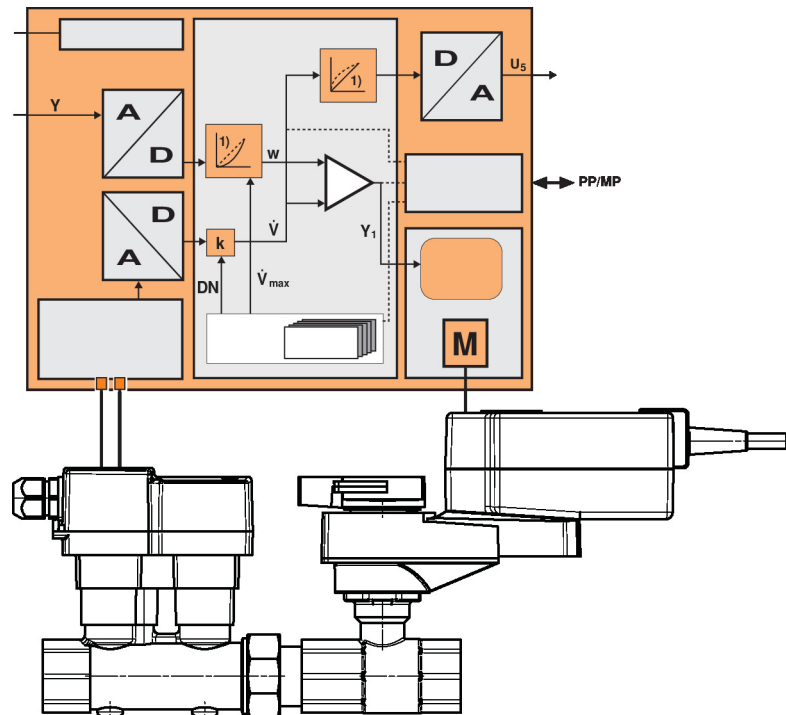
Parametrizing $V'_{\max}$ with PC-Tool:

In the PC-Tool, the maximum flow rate to which U5 refers can be set individually. If $V'_{\max}$ is changed (e.g. to 70% V'_{nom}), the U5 flow range is also automatically changed to the same value (e.g. 70% V'_{nom} : $U5 = 10\text{ V}$). This adjustment can be reversed by entering a value manually ($U5$ flow range = 100%: U5 refers to V'_{nom}).

As an alternative, U5 can be used for displaying the valve opening angle.



Block diagram



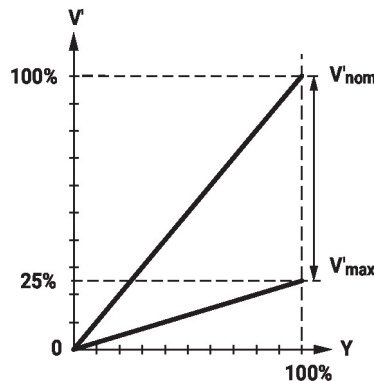
Product features

Flow control

V_{nom} is the maximum possible flow.

V_{max} is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the highest control signal DDC.

V_{max} can be set between 25% and 100% of V_{nom} .



Fluid temperature measurement

The integrated temperature sensor within the flow sensor continuously measures the medium's temperature. This measured value can be accessed through the bus system or via the analog feedback signal U. Additionally, the current temperature reading is displayed in the Belimo Assistant 2 App.

Creep flow suppression

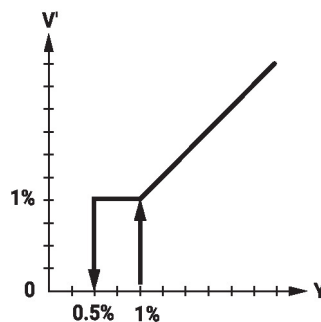
Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

Opening valve

The valve remains closed until the flow required by the control signal DDC corresponds to 1% of V_{nom} . The control along the flow characteristic is active after this value has been exceeded.

Closing valve

The control along the flow characteristic is active up to the required flow rate of 1% of V_{nom} . Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 1% of V_{nom} . If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of V_{nom} required by the control signal DDC, then the valve will close.



Converter for sensors

Connection option for a sensor (active or with switching contact). In this way, the analog sensor signal can be easily digitized and transferred to the bus systems BACnet, Modbus or MP-Bus.

Control signal inversion

This can be inverted in cases of control with an analog control signal. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behavior, i.e. at a control signal of 0%, is equal to V_{max} , and the valve is closed at a control signal of 100%.

Hydronic balancing

With the Belimo tools, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on-site, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system.

Combination analogue - communicative (hybrid mode)

With conventional control by means of an analog control signal DDC, BACnet, Modbus, or MP-Bus can be used for the communicative position feedback.

Product features

Manual override Manual control with push-button possible - temporary. The gear train is disengaged and the actuator decoupled for as long as the button is pressed.

Accessories

Tools	Description	Type
	Belimo Assistant Link Bluetooth and USB to NFC and MP-Bus converter for configurable and communicative devices	LINK.10

Electrical installation



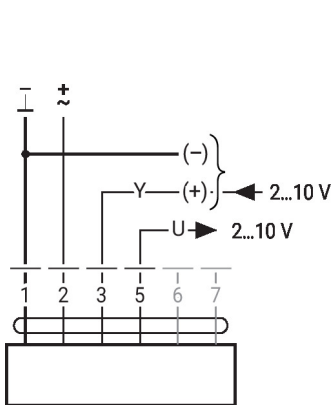
Supply from isolating transformer.

The wiring of the line for BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU is to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS485 regulations.

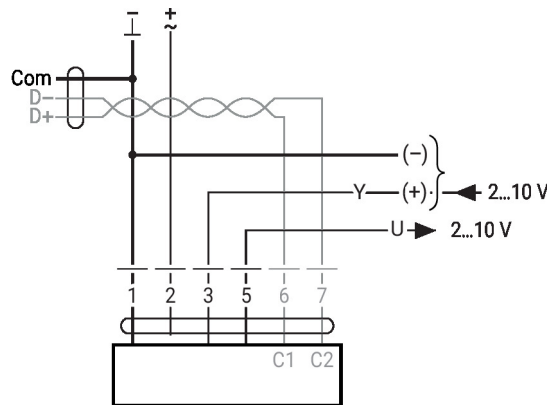
Modbus / BACnet: Supply and communication are not a galvanic dry contact. COM and the ground of the devices must be connected.

Analogue output: An analogue output (wire 5) is available on the flow sensor. It can be selected as 0...10 V, 0.5...10 V, 2...10 V or user defined. For example, the flow rate or the temperature of the temperature sensor (Pt1000 - EN 60751, 2-wire technology) can be output as an analogue value.

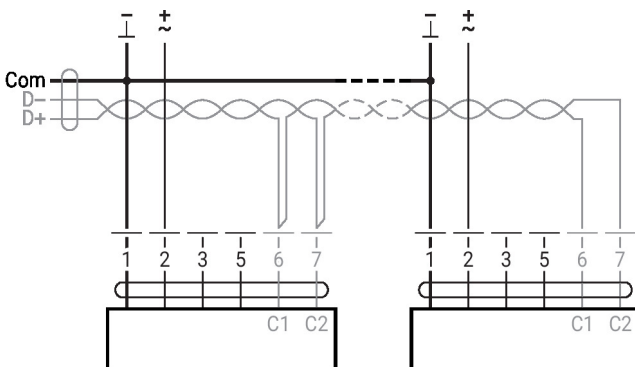
AC/DC 24 V, modulating



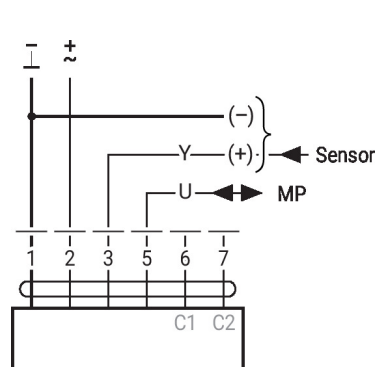
Modbus RTU / BACnet MS/TP with analog setpoint (hybrid operation)



BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU



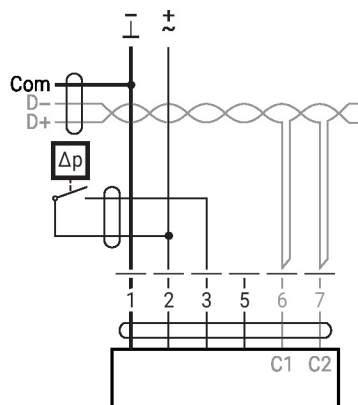
MP-Bus



Electrical installation

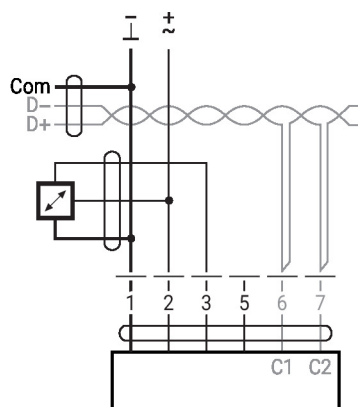
Converter for sensors

Connection with switching contact, e.g., differential pressure switch



Switching contact requirements:
The switching contact must be
able to switch a current of 16 mA
at 24 V accurately.

Connection with active sensor, e.g. 0...10 V @ 0...50°C

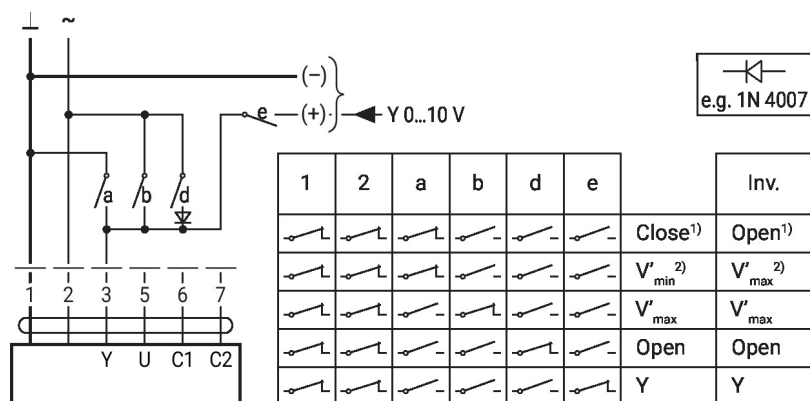


Possible voltage range: 0...32 V
Resolution 30 mV

Further electrical installations

Functions with specific parameters (configuration necessary)

Override control and limiting with AC 24 V with relay contacts (with conventional control or hybrid mode)



1) Position control
2) Flow control
Inv. = control signal inverted

Functions with specific parameters (configuration necessary)

The diagram shows a 500V test set with a 10V tap. The main circuit has terminals labeled 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7. A 10V tap is connected to terminal 3. The tap has terminals labeled (-), (+), and e. A switch labeled 'a' is connected to terminal 3. A switch labeled 'b' is connected to terminal 5. The tap is labeled 'Y 0...10 V'. Below the terminals is a 5x5 switch matrix with columns labeled 1, 2, a and rows labeled Y, U, C1, C2. Each cell in the matrix contains a switch symbol.

1	2	a	b	e		Inv.
					Close ¹⁾	Open ¹⁾
					V' _{min} ²⁾	V' _{max} ²⁾
					Y	Y
					Open ¹⁾	Open ¹⁾
					V' _{max} ²⁾	V' _{max} ²⁾

- 1) Position control
- 2) Flow control

Inv. = control signal inverted

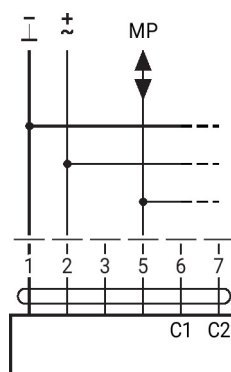
Diagram of the control circuit for the motor. The circuit includes a main switch (1), a stop button (2), a forward start button (3 (a)), and a reverse start button (3 (b)). The forward start button (3 (a)) is interlocked with the reverse start button (3 (b)) using a normally closed contact. The stop button (2) is a normally closed contact. The forward start button (3 (a)) is connected to the forward contact of the forward relay (Y) and the normally closed contact of the reverse relay (U). The reverse start button (3 (b)) is connected to the reverse contact of the reverse relay (U) and the normally closed contact of the forward relay (Y). The stop button (2) is connected to the normally open contact of the forward relay (Y) and the normally open contact of the reverse relay (U). The main switch (1) is connected to the main supply (U). The motor is connected to the main supply (U) through the main switch (1).

Legend:  e.g. 1N 4007

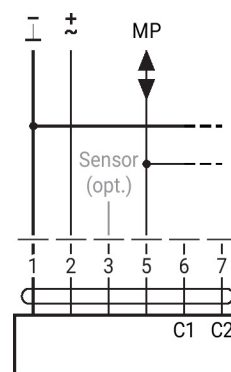
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	
				
				
				stop
				

Position control: $90^\circ = 100 \text{ s}$
Flow control: $V'_{\text{max}} = 100 \text{ s}$

MP-Bus, supply via 3-wire connection



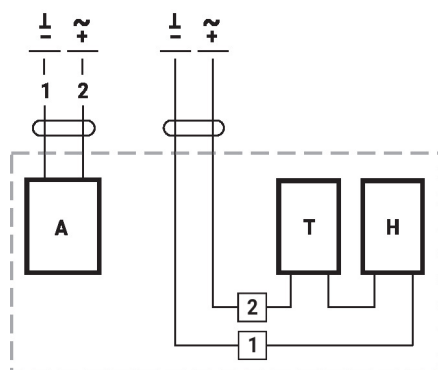
MP-Bus via 2-wire connection,
local power supply



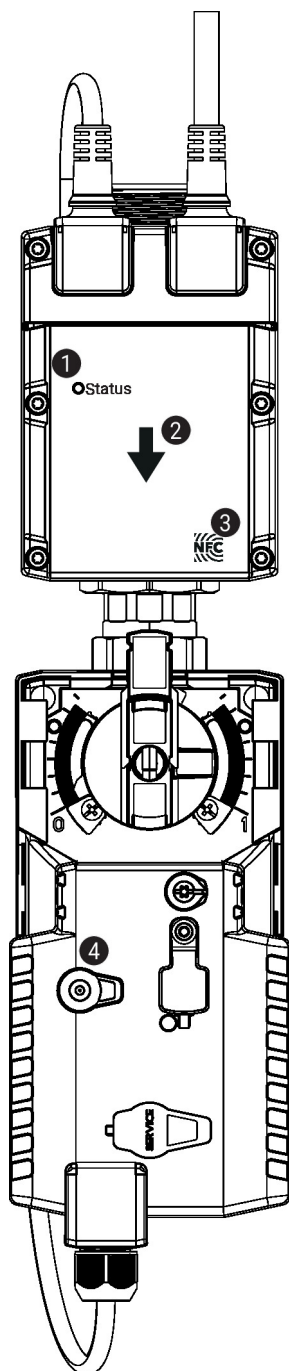
Further electrical installations

Functions with specific parameters (configuration necessary)

Examples of external wiring with actuator types ..24G..



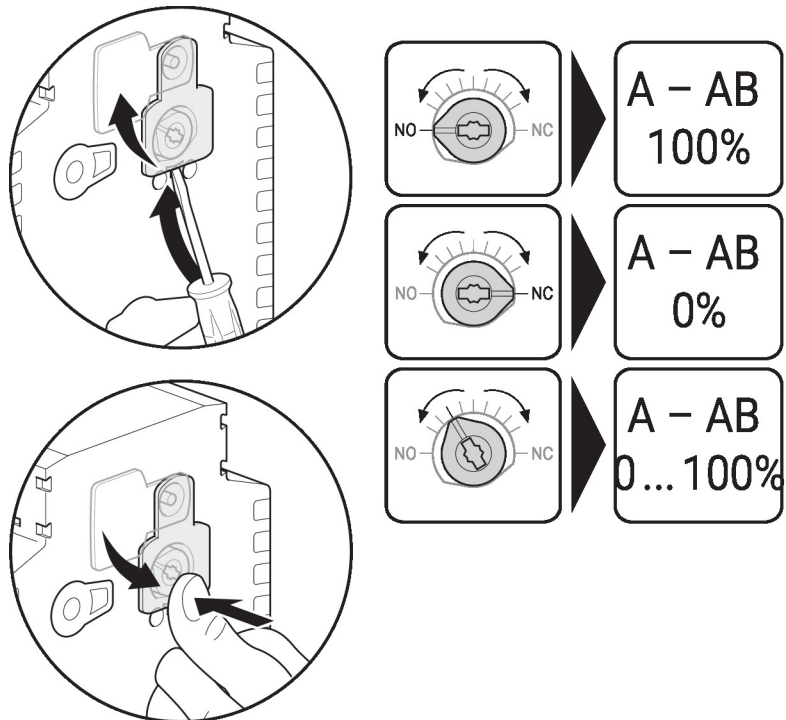
A = Actuator
T [°C] = Thermostat
H = Heating

Operating controls and indicators

1 LED display green

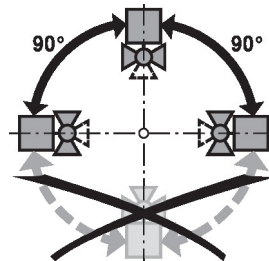
On:	Device starting up
Off:	No power supply or wiring error
Flashing:	In operation (voltage ok)

2 Flow direction
3 NFC interface
4 Manual override button

Press button:	Gear train disengages, motor stops, manual override possible
Release button:	Gear train engages, standard mode. Device performs synchronization.

Operating controls and indicators
Setting fail-safe position
Setting fail-safe position (POP)

Installation notes
Permissible installation orientation

The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the stem pointing downwards.


Installation location in return

Installation in the return is recommended.

Water quality requirements

The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to. Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of a suitable strainer is recommended.

Servicing

Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.

Before any service work on the control element is carried out, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable if necessary). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow all components to cool down first if necessary and always reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level).

The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator have been correctly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled by professionally trained personnel.

Flow direction

The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.

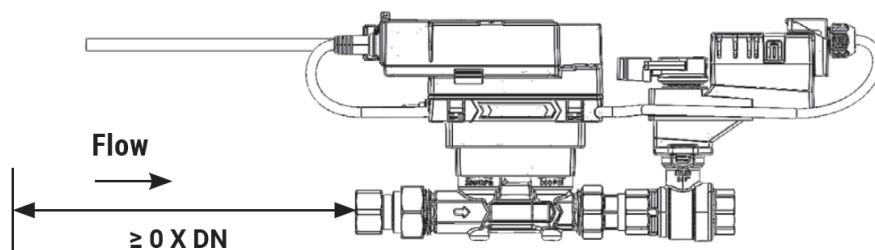
Cleaning of pipes

Before installing the valve, the circuit must be thoroughly rinsed to remove impurities.

Installation notes

Prevention of stresses The valve must not be subjected to excessive stress caused by pipes or fittings.

Inlet section There are no requirements for straight inlet sections prior to the flow sensor. Product has been tested to and fulfills the requirements of EN1434-4:2022

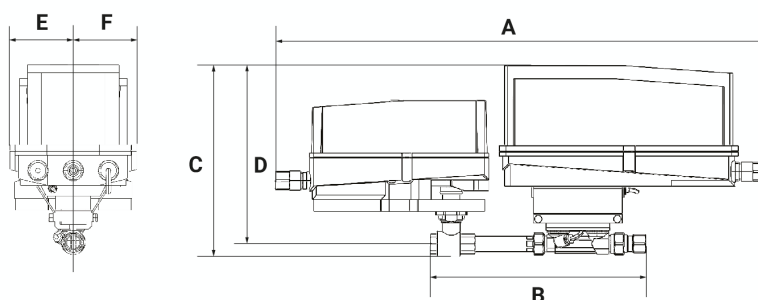


Split installation The valve-actuator combination may be mounted separately from the flow sensor. The direction of flow of both components must be observed.

General notes

Behaviour in case of sensor failure In case of a flow sensor error, the EPIV will switch from flow control to position control. Once the error disappears, the EPIV will switch back to the normal control setting.

Dimensions



Type	DN			Weight	
EP125+AKRX-E N4HT	1 1/4" [32]			□	
A	B	C	D	E	F
26.6" [675]	14.0" [356]	11.1" [281]	9.8" [248]	3.4" [86]	3.4" [86]